

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory / Energy Security and Technology Program

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Group Leader: Applied Statistics and Economics

DOE Hydrogen, Fuel Cells, and Infrastructure
Technologies Program
Systems Analysis Workshop
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Charter

- LLNL's mission is to provide research in the areas of national and homeland security and other important areas to DOE such as Energy, Climate and Water
- To conduct systems and economic modeling and analysis to determine the technical and economic characteristics of individual technologies within systems to achieve policy objectives
- DOE NETL, NE, Policy, HEU; Japanese Govt, CEC, Internal



History

- LLNL has had a systems analysis group for over 25 years supporting national security, defense, energy and environment programs
- Developed a long term simulation model of the weapons stockpile stewardship program capturing research, production facilities, research facilities, expertise and budgets
- Conducted hydrogen analyses since early '90's. Studied transportation, storage technologies, and remote power systems, as well as overall energy system impacts.





Energy Technology and Security Program (ETSP)

Program Staff

Denise Falls
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Lilian Decman – Resource Manager
Sharice Tippens – Resource Manager



Program Leader Ray Smith



Deputy Program LeaderJohn Ziagos

Systems & Decision Sciences Section, Engineering

Energy and Technology Modeling

Jeff Stewart, Group Leader Alan Lamont, Senior Energy Modeler

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy



Salvador Aceves
Associate Program Leader

Hydrogen Projects, Bob Glass Geothermal, Carol Bruton Renewables, Dora Yen Nakafuji Combustion, Salvador Aceves Materials

Aerodynamics, Rose McCallen
Magnetic Levitation & Bearings,
Dick Post

Fossil Energy



Rick Blake
Associate Program Leader

Vision 21, Rick Blake

Enhanced Oil Recovery, Jim Johnson

Gas Hydrates, Bill Durham

NGOTP, Rick Blake

Exploration Tools, Barry Kirkendall

Natural Gas Infrastructure, Bill Pickles

Nuclear Energy

Ray Smith (Acting)
Associate Program Leader

NERI,

Highly Enriched Uranium, Guy Armantrout

S²TAR

GEN IV, AAA, and AFCI, Bill Halsey 7 Lab



Systems & Decision Sciences Section

Bill Hanley - Section Leader Tom Edmunds - Chief Scientist

Karen Mathis Adm. Assistant

Project Engineers

Padmini Sokkappa, R Division Jill Watz, HSO

Consultants

Richard Levine, SDSU Michael Goodchild, UCSB Warren Powell Princeton Univ

Risk, Reliability & **Vulnerability** Assessment

George Larson, GL

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Systems Modeling & Integration

Jim Gansemer, GL

Charles Dietzel (FL) Jerry Dzakowic Tracy Hickling Keith Huffer Darrel Lager John Lathrop Robert Shectman Pat Sholl Lisa Szytel Yiming Yao

Applied Statistics & Economics

Jeff Stewart, GL

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Bill O'Connell (R)

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Sailes Sengupta

Althea Smith (S)

Systems Quality Integration

Carolyn Owens, GL

John Dronkers-Laureta Gayatri Gururangan Lynn Lewis Ed Melczer Cherie Jo Patenaude (R)

Bruce Watson



Skill Set - People

Names

•1) Jeffrey Stewart

•2) Alan Lamont

•3) Gene Berry

•4)Bill Daley

•5)Alix Robertson,

•6) Gardar Johannesson

•7)Tony Wu

•8)Noah Goldstein

•9)Jill Watz

•10)Tom Edmunds

•11)Gretchen Green

•12) Salvador Aceves

•13)Ray Smith

•14)Robert Glass

Skill Set

Economist

Senior energy economist

and systems analyst,

Material scientist and H₂

systems analyst

M. E, and programmer

Energy and environmental

economics and ME.

Spatial Statistics

Optimization modeling

Quantitative Geography

System and Chemical

Engineering, Power Systems

Engineering and Electric

Power Deregulation, Policy

and Economics

Optimization

Applied Math, Visualization

and programming

H₂ Storage

H₂ Combustion

*H*₂ production



Skill Set – Models

(add slides as necessary)

- Models that explicitly include hydrogen
 - Meta-Net hydrogen production and storage system model (see attached slide)
 - Non-linear optimization based on market equilibrium
 - In current formulation only includes small set of primary technologies
 - Simultaneously optimizes system structure and operation based on sequential hour-by-hour modeling
 - Can be readily expanded
- Models that could be adapted to include hydrogen
 - META•Net Modeling system (Discussed in following slides)
 - Two versions: long-term and "hour-by-Hour"
 - Long term version models evolution of energy system based on market equilibrium accounting for changes in demands, resource exhaustion, introduction of new technologies, ...
 - Hour-by-hour version models details of technologies operation and interaction. Optimizes operation and capacities of technologies to accurately economics of technologies operating within a system
 - Modeling methodology: non-linear optimization
 - Model platform: META•Net is a modeling platform
 - Model limitations: Like other continuous function systems it cannot easily handle integer problems and non-convexities, hour-by-hour version takes time to converge 7



Skill Set – Capabilities Summary

(Refer to H₂ Analysis Types – last Slide)

TYPE OF ANALYSIS	RESIDENT CAPABILITY?	STUDIES SPECIFIC TO H ₂ ?	MODELS SPECIFIC TO H ₂ ?
Resource Analysis	Yes	No	No
Technoeconomic Analysis	Yes	Yes	No
Environmental Analysis	Yes	Yes	Yes
Delivery Analysis	Yes	Yes	No
Infrastructure Development Analysis	Yes	Yes	Yes
Energy Market Analysis	Yes	Yes	Yes



Studies

- Past studies related to hydrogen
 - Berry and Lamont: Carbonless Transportation and Energy Storage in Future Energy Systems*.
 - Examined changes in energy system cost and structure as carbon eliminated and H₂ introduced; using hour-byhour version of META•Net modeling system
 - Comparison of H₂ production costs using a) dedicated renewable electric generation and b) renewable generation integrated into electric grid
- Past studies that could be adapted to hydrogen
- Remote Power Systems with advanced storage technologies for Alaskan Villages, Meta Net Energy Economic modeling system

^{*} In Innovative Energy Strategies for CO2 Stabilization (R. Watts, ed.) pp. 181-210. Cambridge University Press



Studies

- Past studies related to hydrogen
 - Thermodynamics of Insulated Pressure Vessels for Vehicular Hydrogen Storage.
 - Hydrogen Transportation and Storage in Engineered Glass Microspheres
 - Hydrogen as a Transportation Fuel: Costs and Benefits
 - Encyclopedia of Energy, Volume 3 (Chapters on both Hydrogen Production and Hydrogen Storage Technologies
- Past studies adaptable to hydrogen
 - Economic penetration of intermittent generation based on hour-by-hour modeling



Future

 The System and Decision Sciences Section has plans to add 15 people to the current staff of 45 researchers. Spatial Statistics, Visualization (including GIS) Economics and Optimization are some of the areas targeted for expansions.



Analysis Issues

- Open podium Major issues related to analysis of hydrogen systems?
 - Understanding the actual operation of H₂ production technologies and their integration with rest of system. In any situation where there is connection to the electric grid (electrolysis, joint production of electricity and H₂) hour-by-hour considerations and storage economics are important.
 - Should we start from desirable future scenarios or goals and model back to the present?
 - How to model the value of the strategic and operational stability a H₂ transportation sector offers future energy systems?

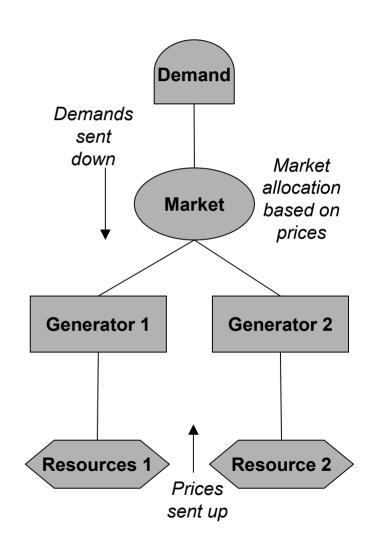


Backup Slides



LLNL energy modeling approach based on "network" approach

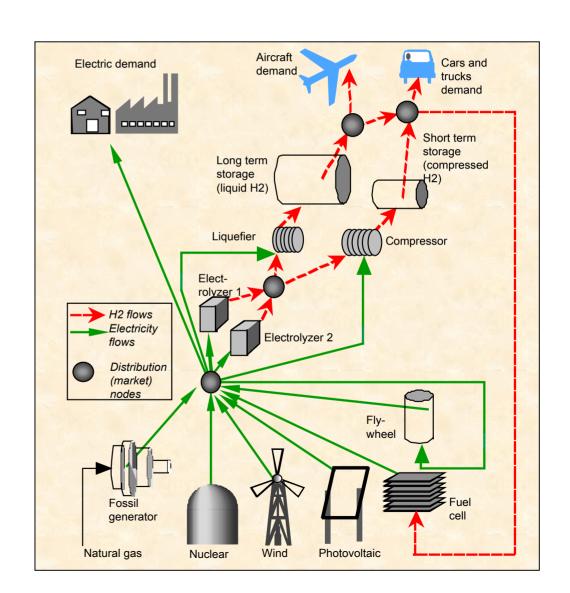
- Model consists of a network of nodes representing
 - End-uses (demands)
 - Conversions (e.g. coal into electricity)
 - Resources
 - Markets
- The model mimics a market equilibrium
 - Nodes exchange prices and quantities
 - Adjusts to reach equilibrium
- Equilibrium is equivalent to a cost minimizing optimum
- Two types of models
 - Long-term: evolution of energy system over multiple years
 - "hour-by-hour": optimal structuring and operation of system incorporating intermittents, storage, demand response





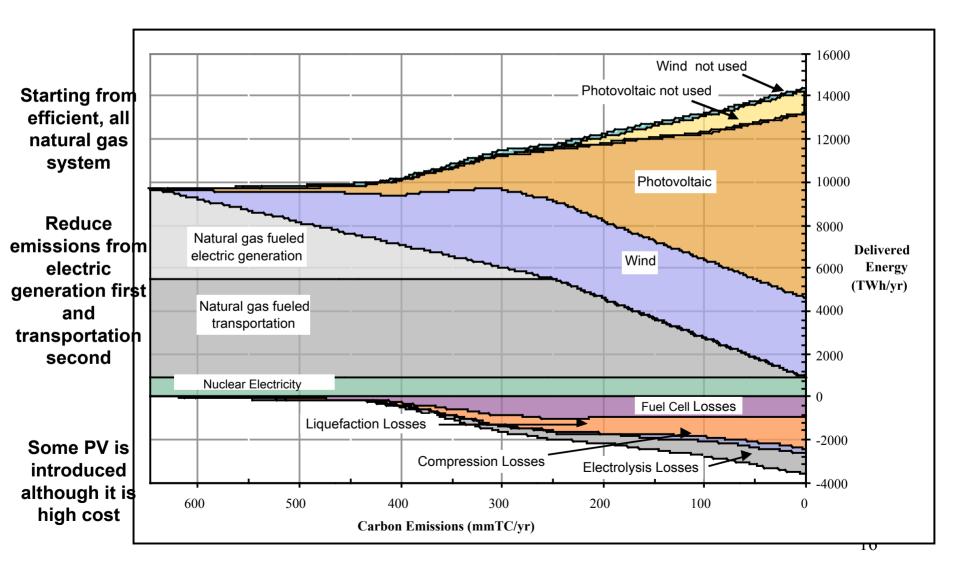
Example of hour-by-hour H₂ production and storage model

- Understanding the change in the structure of the energy system as carbon emissions are reduced at minimum cost
 - Over a series of model runs, the allowable carbon was reduced to zero
 - Model finds the optimal structure and hourly operation of the system for each level of carbon emissions



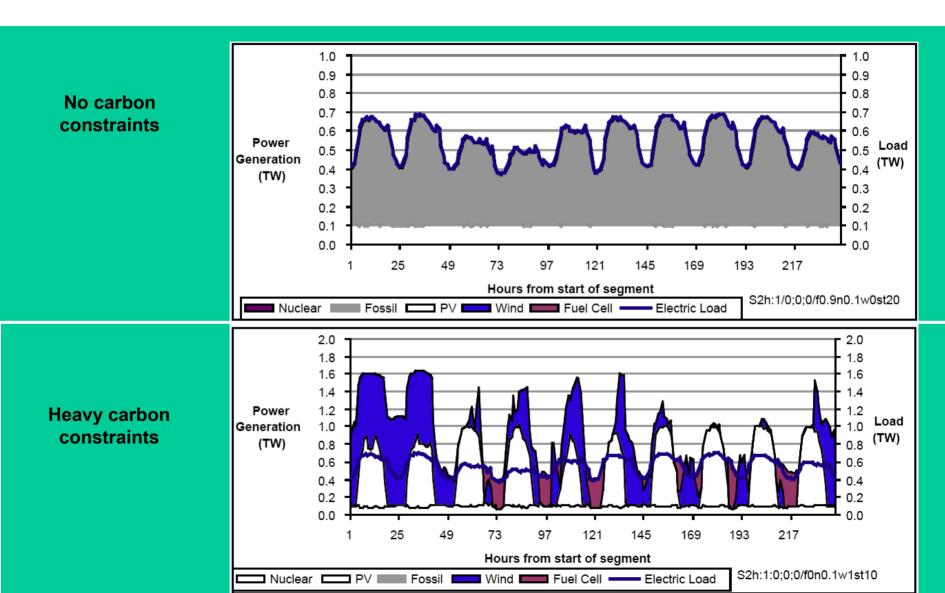


Energy flows as carbon emissions are reduced





Examples of the hourly operation

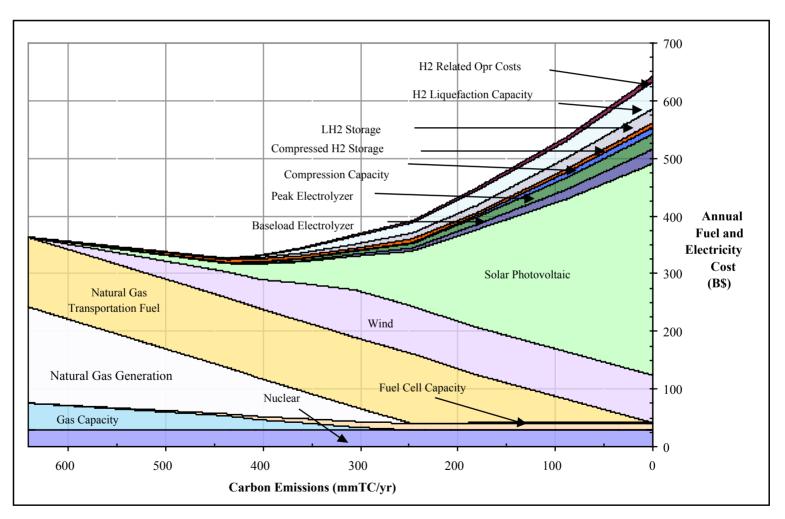


from "Carbonless Transportation and Energy Storage in Future Energy Systems"



Cost structure of systems as carbon emissions are reduced

Cost of primary generation (eg PV) is most important, not other infrastructure





Types of Hydrogen Analysis

Resource Analysis

-Where are the resources to make hydrogen and how much do they cost?

Technology Feasibility and Cost Analysis

- -Which technologies have the greatest potential for economic success?
- -Where should research efforts be focused?
- -What are the impacts of production volume?

Environmental Analysis

- -What are the environmental impacts of hydrogen technologies?
- -What steps can be taken to reduce impacts?

Delivery Analysis

-What are the most economic options for delivering hydrogen?

Infrastructure Development and Financial Analysis

- –What are the optimal scenarios for developing the hydrogen infrastructure?
- -What will a hydrogen infrastructure cost and what are the financial risks?

Energy Market Analysis

- -What are feasible hydrogen futures?
- –Which technologies are most likely to be a part of the hydrogen future, and what are the interactions between hydrogen and other energy carriers?
- –What are the scenarios for hydrogen use in transportation and stationary markets?
- -What are the impacts, costs, and financial risks?
- -What market penetration pathways are likely?